

A1.	$f(x) = (2x-1)^7;$		$f'(x) = 7 \cdot (2x-1)^6 \cdot 2$	$= 14 \cdot (2x-1)^6$
A2.	$f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 - 7x};$	$\dots = (x^2 - 7x)^{\frac{1}{2}};$	$f'(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x^2 - 7x)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot (2x - 7)$	$= \frac{(2x - 7)}{2\sqrt{x^2 - 7x}}$
A3.	$f(x) = \frac{5}{(3x^2 - 8)^3};$	$\dots = 5 \cdot (3x^2 - 8)^{-3};$	$f'(x) = 5 \cdot (3x^2 - 8)^{-4} \cdot 6x$	$= \frac{30x}{(3x^2 - 8)^4}$
A4.	$f(x) = x\sqrt{x};$	$\dots = x^{\frac{3}{2}};$	$f'(x) = \frac{3}{2}x^{\frac{1}{2}}$	$= 1,5\sqrt{x}$
A5.	$f(x) = \frac{9x-2}{\sqrt{x}};$	$\dots = \frac{9x-2}{x^{\frac{1}{2}}};$	$f'(x) = \frac{9x^{\frac{1}{2}} - \frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}}}{x}$	$= \frac{9\sqrt{x} - \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}}{x}$
A6.	$f(x) = 3 \sin(4x - 3);$		$f'(x) = 3 \cdot 4 \cdot \cos(4x - 3)$	$= 12 \cdot \cos(4x - 3)$
A8.	$f(x) = \sqrt{x} \cos(3x - 2)$	$\dots = x^{\frac{1}{2}} \cos(3x - 2)$	$f'(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \cos(3x - 2) + x^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot 3 \cdot (-\sin(3x - 2))$	$= \frac{\cos(3x - 2)}{2\sqrt{x}} - 3 \cdot \sqrt{x} \sin(3x - 2)$
A9.	$f(x) = \frac{\cos 5x}{x}$		$f'(x) = \frac{-5 \sin 5x \cdot x - 1 \cdot \cos 5x}{x^2}$	$= -\frac{5 \sin 5x \cdot x + \cos 5x}{x^2}$
A10.	$f(x) = 5 \sin^3 2x$		$f'(x) = 5 \cdot 3 \sin^2 2x \cdot 2 \cdot \cos 2x$	$= 30 \cdot \sin^2 2x \cdot \cos 2x$
A11.	$f(x) = \tan^2 3x$		$f'(x) = 2 \cdot \tan 3x \cdot \frac{1}{\cos^2 3x} \cdot 3$	$= \frac{6 \cdot \tan 3x}{\cos^2 3x}$
A12.	$f(x) = 7 \ln(2 - x)$		$f'(x) = 7 \cdot \frac{1}{2-x} \cdot (-1)$	$= \frac{-7}{2-x} = \frac{7}{x-2}$
A13.	$f(x) = \frac{3}{2x-1}$	$\dots = 3 \cdot (2x-1)^{-1}$	$f'(x) = 3 \cdot (-1) \cdot (2x-1)^{-2} \cdot 2$	$= \frac{-6}{(2x-1)^2}$
A14.	$f(x) = \frac{5}{6-3x}$	$\dots = 5 \cdot (6-3x)^{-1}$	$f'(x) = 5 \cdot (-1) \cdot (6-3x)^{-2} \cdot (-3)$	$= \frac{15}{(6-3x)^2}$
A15.	$f(x) = e^{1-x}$		$f'(x) = e^{1-x} \cdot (-1)$	$= -e^{1-x}$
A16.	$f(x) = \frac{e^{2x}}{\sin 2x}$		$f'(x) = \frac{2e^{2x} \cdot \sin 2x - 2 \cos 2x \cdot e^{2x}}{\sin^2 2x}$	$= \frac{2e^{2x}(\sin 2x - \cos 2x)}{\sin^2 2x}$
A17.	$f(x) = e^{\cos x}$		$f'(x) = e^{\cos x} \cdot (-\sin x)$	$= -e^{\cos x} \cdot \sin x$