

# linear equations

1	$-3 \cdot X + 1 + 3 \cdot X = 4 + 4 \cdot X + 2$	$X = -1,25$
2	$2 \cdot (x + 3) = 1 \cdot X - 4$	$X = -10,00$
3	$2 \cdot (x + 3) = 3 \cdot (x - 2) + 1$	$X = 11,00$
4	$2 \cdot X + 1 = 4 \cdot X + 2$	$X = -0,50$
5	$1 \cdot X - 1 + 3 \cdot X = 4 + 2 \cdot X + 2$	$X = 3,50$
6	$-2 \cdot (x - 2) = 2 \cdot X - 4$	$X = 2,00$
7	$-4 \cdot (x + 3) = 2 \cdot (x - 3) + 3$	$X = -1,50$
8	$-1 \cdot X + 2 = 1 \cdot X + 4$	$X = -1,00$
9	$5 \cdot X - 4 + 3 \cdot X = 1 + 2 \cdot X + 1$	$X = 1,00$
10	$-4 \cdot (x + 1) = 2 \cdot X + 2$	$X = -1,00$
11	$-5 \cdot (x - 2) = 3 \cdot (x - 1) + 5$	$X = 1,00$
12	$-6 \cdot X + 2 = -1 \cdot X - 13$	$X = 3,00$
13	$-2 \cdot X - 1 - 1 \cdot X = 7 + 4 \cdot X - 1$	$X = -1,00$
14	$-3 \cdot (x - 2) = 2 \cdot X - 4$	$X = 2,00$
15	$-1 \cdot (x + 3) = 2 \cdot (x - 3) + 3$	$X = 0,60$
16	$-1 \cdot X + 2 = 1 \cdot X + 4$	$X = -1,00$
17	$3 \cdot X + 1 + 3 \cdot X = 4 + 4 \cdot X + 2$	$X = 2,50$
18	$-1 \cdot (x + 2) = 1 \cdot X - 4$	$X = 1,00$
19	$2 \cdot (x - 1) = 3 \cdot (x - 2) + 1$	$X = 3,00$
20	$2 \cdot X + 1 = 4 \cdot X - 2$	$X = 1,50$
21	$1 \cdot X - 1 - 3 \cdot X = 4 + 2 \cdot X + 2$	$X = -1,75$
22	$-2 \cdot (x - 2) = -3 \cdot X - 4$	$X = -8,00$
23	$-4 \cdot (x + 3) = -5 \cdot (x - 3) + 3$	$X = 30,00$
24	$-1 \cdot X + 2 = 1 \cdot X + 1$	$X = 0,50$
25	$-2 \cdot X - 4 + 3 \cdot X = 1 + 2 \cdot X + 1$	$X = -6,00$
26	$-3 \cdot (x + 1) = 2 \cdot X + 2$	$X = -1,00$
27	$-3 \cdot (x - 2) = 2 \cdot (x - 1) - 1$	$X = 1,80$

# linear equations, fractions

A1	$\frac{5}{2x+2} = \frac{8}{3x-1}$	A1	X = - 21,00
A2	$\frac{6}{5x+3} = \frac{2}{4x-6}$	A2	X = 3,00
A3	$\frac{-6}{-2x-4} = \frac{3}{6x+7}$	A3	X = - 1,00
A4	$\frac{8}{4x-3} = \frac{6}{2x+12}$	A4	X = 14,25
A5	$\frac{-21}{3x-5} = \frac{5}{2x-1}$	A5	X = 0,81
A6	$\frac{3}{3x-9} = \frac{2}{4x+2}$	A6	X = - 4,00
A7	$\frac{2}{-3x+2} = \frac{-2}{7x+2}$	A7	X = - 1,00
A8	$\frac{-2}{5x-4} = \frac{2}{1x+1}$	A8	X = 0,50
A9	$\frac{2}{2x+2} = \frac{2}{1x+6}$	A9	X = 4,00
A10	$\frac{4}{5x+3} = \frac{2}{1x-6}$	A10	X = - 5,00
A11	$\frac{-6}{-6x+2} = \frac{3}{6x+7}$	A11	X = - 2,67
A12	$\frac{1}{2x-3} = \frac{6}{2x+12}$	A12	X = 3,00
A13	$\frac{-21}{3x-5} = \frac{5}{2x+5}$	A13	X = - 1,40
A14	$\frac{2}{3x-9} = \frac{2}{4x+2}$	A14	X = - 11,00
A15	$\frac{2}{3x+3} = \frac{-2}{1x+2}$	A15	X = - 1,25
A16	$\frac{-2}{5x-4} = \frac{4}{1x+2}$	A16	X = 0,55

# quadratic equations

A1	-0,40
A2	2,00
A3	2,00
A4	-0,80
A5	12,00
A6	5,00
A7	4,00
A8	5,00
A9	2,00
A10	1,50
A11	2,00
A12	3,00
A13	18,00
A14	9,00
A15	7,00
A16	5,50